SUMMER 2025 READING GROUP ON ERGODIC THEORY

EXERCISE SHEET 4 (ZHAOSHEN ZHAI): ERGODIC ACTIONS AND ITS CONSEQUENCES

Throughout, let λ denote the Lebesgue measure on \mathbb{R} (or on [0, 1]) and let μ denote the Bernoulli(1/2)measure on $2^{\mathbb{N}}$. The purpose of this exercise sheet is two-fold.

- 1. To introduce and give examples of ergodic *actions* of a group $G \curvearrowright (X, \mu)$.
- 2. To show how ergodicity gives rise to non-measurable sets.

Definition. Let G be a group and let (X, μ) be a standard measure space. An action $\varphi : G \cap X$ is

- Borel if for each $g \in G$, the map $x \mapsto gx$ is Borel.
- measure-preserving if it is Borel and $\mu(gB) = \mu(B)$ for each $g \in G$ and each Borel $B \subseteq X$.
- ergodic if it is measure-preserving and the orbit equivalence relation \mathbb{E}_{φ} of φ is ergodic.

Exercise 1. Let (X, μ) be an atomless measure space and let $\varphi : G \cap (X, \mu)$ be a μ -null-preserving action. Prove that if φ is ergodic, then every transversal of \mathbb{E}_{φ} is non-measurable.

HINT: Let $T \subseteq X$ be a measurable transversal, so $X = \bigsqcup_{g \in G} gT$. Observe that $\mu(T) > 0$, and use that (X, μ) is atomless to partition $T = S_1 \sqcup S_2$ non-trivially. What can you say about the \mathbb{E}_{φ} -saturations of S_i ?

Exercise 2. Consider the translation action $\varphi : \mathbb{Q} \curvearrowright (\mathbb{R}, \lambda)$, whose orbit equivalence relation is given by $x \mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{Q}} y$ iff $x - y \in \mathbb{Q}$. Use the 99% Lemma for λ to show that φ is ergodic.

Remark. Transversals for $\mathbb{E}_{\mathbb{Q}}$ (restricted to [0,1]), called *Vitali sets*, are non-measurable by Exercise 1.

Lemma (99% Lemma for μ). For any measurable $A \subseteq 2^{\mathbb{N}}$, there exists a cylinder $[w] \subseteq 2^{\mathbb{N}}$ such that at-least 99% of [w] is covered by A, i.e. $\mu(A \cap [w])/\mu([w]) \ge 0.99$.

Exercise 3. For each $n \in \mathbb{N}$, let $\sigma_n : 2^{\mathbb{N}} \to 2^{\mathbb{N}}$ be the n^{th} -bit flip map, defined by flipping x_n to $1 - x_n$ and fixing all other coordinates. Let $G \coloneqq \langle \sigma_n \rangle_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \cong \bigoplus_n \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$, which naturally acts on $2^{\mathbb{N}}$.

- 1. Show that the orbit equivalence relation \mathbb{E}_{φ} is given by *eventual equality* (denoted \mathbb{E}_0), where $x\mathbb{E}_0 y$ iff there exists $N \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $x_n = y_n$ for all $n \geq N$.
- 2. Observe that φ is a pmp action (skip this, if you want, as it is just measure theory).
- 3. Use the 99% Lemma for μ to show that φ is ergodic.

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