

## SUMMER 2025 READING GROUP ON ERGODIC THEORY

### EXERCISE SHEET 6 (LUDOVIC RIVET): THE DENSITY OF SETS OF INTEGERS

**Exercise 1.** Compute the upper and lower densities of the following sets  $A \subseteq \mathbb{N}$ . Do they agree?

1.  $A := \{n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall m > 1 (m^2 \nmid n)\}$ , the square-free integers.
2.  $A :=$  prime numbers. HINT: Szemerédi vs. Green-Tao.
3.  $A :=$  numbers with an odd number of digits.

**Exercise 2** (Furstenberg-Sárközy). Let  $A \subseteq \mathbb{N}$  be a subset with positive upper density and let  $p \in \mathbb{Z}[x]$  be a polynomial with  $p(0) = 0$ . Using the recurrence theorem below, prove that there exists  $a, b \in A$  and some  $n \geq 1$  such that  $x - y = p(n)$ . HINT: Use the correspondence theorem.

**Theorem 3** (Polynomial Recurrence). *Let  $(X, \mu, T)$  be a measure-preserving dynamical system. For any positive-measure  $A \subseteq X$ , there exists  $n \geq 1$  such that  $\mu(A \cap T^{-p(n)}A) > 0$ .*